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A. D. SISK'S
BOOK STORE
Madisonville, Ky.

SEVENTEENTH YEAR.

EARLINGTON, HOPKINS COUNTY, KY., THURSDAY, MAY 24, 1906.

No. 21

HOME COMING IN HOPKINS COUNTY.

Big Program Being Arranged for
June 20 and 21.

OLD FASHIONED BASKET DINNER
AT LAKESIDE PARK FIRST DAY.

Industrial Parade, Musical and Other En-
tertainments at Madisonville on
Second Day.

A meeting, called by Jno. B. Atkinson, Commissioner for Hopkins county for Home Coming Week at Louisville, was held in the County Judge's room at the court house in Madisonville Friday afternoon last, at 5 o'clock, for the purpose of taking up the work of arranging for a Home Coming Day or days to be celebrated in Hopkins county during the week of June 18th, which follows the Home Coming Week at Louisville. A number of Madisonville and Earlinton business and newspaper men were present. Judge Jno. G. B. Hall, Vice Commissioner for Hopkins county, was made chairman of the meeting. After taking the chair the Judge made a brief statement of the purpose of the meeting and asked the pleasure of those present. Col. W. L. Gordon made a talk advocating the appointment of an Executive Committee of a few working members to whom should be left the selection and appointment of sub-committees and the planning and carrying out of a line of suitable entertainment for the proper celebration of the occasion on which the country's hospitality is to be extended to the home comers. He moved the appointment of the following gentlemen to constitute this committee, with the powers as stated: C. C. Givens, I. Bailey, Jno. B. Brasher, of Madisonville; Frank D. Rash, Earlinton; W. H. Weir, Hanson; David Morrow, Nebo; Wm. Lynch, Dawson Springs. After some discussion as to size of the committee the motion was unanimously adopted. C. C. Givens was made chairman of the committee.

No details of the celebration were discussed in the meeting. The feature which seemed to be favored by most of the leaders in the movement, however, around which to group any other entertainment, was an old fashioned basket picnic to which all citizens of Hopkins county would be invited and at which they would entertain all friends and visitors. The day could be greatly enlivened by a series of friendly athletic and other contests which an active Committee on Entertainments would arrange.

Executive Committee Plans.

The Executive Committee held a meeting at Madisonville Tuesday afternoon at which time plans were laid for the celebration and committees appointed to carry out the details of two days entertainment, one day at Madisonville and one at Earlinton. The days selected are Wednesday and Thursday, June 20th and 21st.

On June 20th there will be held a mammoth old fashioned basket picnic at Lakeside Park, Earlinton, with such athletic and aquatic sports and contests as may be arranged by a committee on amusements, and with speaking, music and other diversions. Jas. R. Rash, as Vice Chairman of the General Reception Committee, will act as Chairman of Reception and Entertainment on this day, in con-

junction with members of the General Reception Committee.

June 21st will be taken up with a Floral and Industrial Parade at Madisonville, in the morning, for which Jno. B. Brasher is made chairman with power to impress other workers and create and conduct the whole thing. This is expected to prove a great feature. In the afternoon an entertainment will be arranged to be given at the fair grounds, the direction of C. C. Givens, who is made chairman for this entertainment. It is probable that Mr. Givens will arrange for a vandeville and musical attraction for this occasion. The evening of the second day's celebration will be occupied with a musical entertainment to be given at the Tabernacle, at Madisonville. The committee to arrange this attraction is Ben R. Ashby, chairman; Mrs. Jas. R. Rash, and Hammond Loving.

H. H. Holman, P. B. Ross and Ernest Nisbet were appointed as Finance Committee, with power to appoint a subcommittee consisting of members from various parts of the county to facilitate the collection of funds.

General Reception Committee.

Colonel W. L. Gordon, chairman.

Jas. R. Rash, Vice Chairman.

Madisonville—Judge J. W. Wilson, Mayor I. N. Vickers, Judge Jno. G. B. Hall, Lee Gibson, Judge J. F. Gordon, W. C. Morton, J. T. Alexander, W. J. Cox, H. H. Holman, Robt. L. Ferguson, J. J. Glenn.

Earlington—Mayor W. F. Burr, John M. Victory, W. C. McLeod, George C. Atkinson, John B. Atkinson, M. B. Long, James Crenshaw, J. W. Robinson, F. B. Arnold, D. M. Evans, W. R. Coyle, Paul M. Moore.

Mortons Gap—M. Cain, W. W. Kington, A. W. Davis.

Hanson—R. H. Weir, James C. Webb, E. L. Parrish.

Dawson Springs—L. H. Holman, T. W. Clark, J. E. Hays.

Nebo—J. D. Bobbitt, C. N. Ferguson, W. A. Hodge.

Nortonville—G. W. Loving, George M. Steele, Joe Kennedy, White Plains, Wes Bailey, C. A. Prowse, T. O. Dillingham.

St. Charles—J. V. McEuen, E. J. Sisk, T. R. Finley.

Isley—R. M. Salmon, A. F. Finley, M. D. Dimmitt, Woodruff.

Chesley—Jabez Trathen, C. S. Williams, Al H. Jones.

Barnsley—William Bradley, Thoms Sisk, W. D. Hill.

Manito—A. E. Hill, John Mangrum, Ezra Tapp.

Dalton—Frank Bell, Mack Brown, M. D., T. H. Sisk.

Charleston—B. L. Franklin, E. P. Earle, M. D., Ben Ligon.

Anton—B. T. Arnett, Sam Bernard, Varene Davis.

Ashbysburg—J. M. Ashby, J. W. Tomlinson, E. Hartford.

Big Gathering at Louisville.

The plans for Home Coming Week in Louisville, June 18-19, are practically complete, and any one at all familiar with them will agree that they point to the largest gathering in the history of the South. The very lowest estimate, based upon acceptance cards and letters on file at the headquarters of the Louisville Commercial Club, point to an attendance of over 55,000 men Kentuckians. Only a small portion of this number is indicated on their acceptance card the county of their birth.

Below will be found a list of former residents of this county, who have accepted the Home

(Continued on Page 3.)

SUNDAY MORNING FIRE

Burns the First House Built at
the Opening of Earlinton's
Mines.

PROPERTY OF TWO

FAMILIES DESTROYED.

The first house built in Earlinton, at the time coal mining in Hopkins county had its beginning, was burned Sunday morning about nine o'clock. The house was built for a boarding house and was located near the opening of No. 11 mine of the St. Bernard Coal Co., the first commercial coal mine ever opened in Hopkins county. It was built in 1870 under contract by the late John Osburn, of Madisonville, and among those who worked with him on the job were Isaiah Fox, of Earlinton, recently deceased, and Floren Simons, of Madisonville. The lumber in the house was sawed by Felix McEuen, father of Thos McEuen, of this place, and J. V. McEuen, of St. Charles, at his mill then located between No. 11 mine and Hecla. Mr. McEuen has been dead some years.

At the time this house was being built D. W. Umstead was helping to frame the timbers for the first No. 11 tipple. This was the first job Mr. Umstead worked on for the St. Bernard Company, starting as he did on the first construction planned. The timbers were framed in the bottom between No. 9 mine and Hecla, the work being done under contract with the late Frank Bourland, of Madisonville.

The first landlady to run this pioneer boarding house was Mrs. Germaine, a French widow, who presided over the house for several years. During her residence here Mrs. Germaine married Zack Richards, then a miner in the employ of the St. Bernard Coal Co. Mr. Richards, afterward bought a good farm in the Charleston country, where both are still living and doing well.

The destruction of the old landmark of early mining operations here naturally put the older citizens in a reminiscent mood and brought out the details related above. Among other things was the story of an almost fatal injury inflicted on one of our old citizens at the building of the first No. 11 tipple. Robt. W. Wood helped to raise this tipple. One of the bents fell, striking him on the shoulder, a glancing blow, and brushing him out of the way. He escaped death by but a few inches and was disabled several weeks.

The old two story house was occupied at the time of the fire by two colored men, Geo. Williams and Jno. McCain, with their families. The fire originated in the side occupied by Williams, which was closed up at the time, the family having gone visiting after breakfast. That half of the house was gutted by flames before the fire was discovered by the family in the other half, and the latter were just able to get themselves and a very few belongings out. The loss of household effects amounts to about \$200 for each family. Two smaller houses are to be built on the old site.

Bishops Elected.

The Rev. Dr. John J. Tigert, a native of Louisville, and the Rev. Seth Ward of Texas, were elected bishops of the Southern Methodist Church, Tuesday, by the conference in session in Birmingham, Ala. At the night session Rev. Jas. Atkins, of Tennessee, was also elected.

COURT ORDERS

That Mayor Vickers Recognize J. D. Sory as Councilman.

Yost & Laffoon, attorneys for Councilman J. D. Sory filed a petition in the circuit court Friday asking that a writ of mandamus be issued against I. N. Vickers, mayor of Madisonville, to compel him to recognize the plaintiff as the councilman from his ward.

The petition recites the fact that plaintiff was duly elected and qualified as councilman, and that he had been serving as such since December last, and that no question as to his eligibility had been raised by the city council or any member thereof, but that Mayor Vickers had arbitrarily ordered the city clerk to refuse to recognize plaintiff as a member of said council.

Ten days notice was given Mayor Vickers to answer the petition, when plaintiff asks for an absolute mandamus against the mayor to prevent further interference with his rights, but pending this ten days he asked a temporary restraining order against the mayor, which was granted by the court.

This action of Councilman Sory will bring up the question of his eligibility before the courts, and May 29 is the day set for the hearing before Judge Gordon in the circuit court room.

In the meantime, under the order of the court, Councilman Sory will continue to exercise his rights as a member of the city council.

A special meeting of the council will be held Saturday night to consider the application of Lee Cazort for saloon license and some claims arising from the suit of Hardman against the city, which was recently affirmed by the court of appeals.

Officers in the war and navy departments, while professing to regard as purely imaginative recent reports from England and Germany that the United States government has been an active and successful bidder in the world's markets for foreign military and naval secrets, are really very much stirred up over the matter. The charges all come from the temporary disappearance from the office of the English admiralty of the plans of the new English monster battleship the Dreadnaught. Foreign governments, particularly those deeply interested in the balance of power in Europe, where the smallest advantage is carefully guarded lest it be shared by a possible adversary, are just at present unusually prone to allege spying and bribery against other governments. It is a departure, however, for the United States to be charged with this kind of work, and officials, in resenting such a procedure, do so the more strongly because of the absolute proof of falsity.

T. G. Stewart, grand chancellor of Winchester, and John W. Carter, grand keeper of records and seals, of Owensboro, will be the guests of honor, and the first and second ranks will be conferred on six candidates.

Killed With Goebel's Pistol.

Nicholasville, Ky., May 21.—With the pistol that William Goebel carried when he was assassinated from the Statehouse in Frankfort, Ward Penthe accidentally shot and killed himself.

For several sessions of the Legislature Penthe has been cloak room keeper of the Kentucky Senate. The pistol was in his buggy, when it was accidentally dropped to the ground and was discharged. The ball entered his stomach. He lived only two hours. Penthe was preparing to go to High Bridge to act as Deputy Sheriff for the day.

Knights Templar Meet in Paris, Ky.

The annual conclave of the Grand Commandery of Knights Templar met in Paris, Ky., yesterday and will hold everything in sight for two days. It is expected that 1,500 Sir Knights and ladies will be the guests of the citizens of Paris on this memorable occasion. Earlinton is represented by Geo. C. Atkinson and Madisonville by Sam D. Langley.

WASHINGTON.

Eleven Million Pieces Mail Last
Year Land in Dead Letter
Office.

John Paul Jones' Likeness May Be Put on
Postage Stamps.

Washington, May 22.—Employes in the north wing of the capitol witnessed a novel scene in the senate ladies' gallery Friday morning, which illustrates the keen interest taken in the progress of the rate bill. A few minutes before 10 o'clock a well dressed, elderly woman entered the gallery's swinging doors and made her way to the front seats. Drawing from her capacious shopping bag a collection of silks and lace she placidly threaded a needle and proceeded to the making of a waist. Even after the galleries were filled and the senators had begun work she plied her needle. Not until the routine business was over and the rate bill was trotted out did she put her sewing aside. The interest now naturally centers around the heated controversy in which the president finds himself with Senators Tillman and Bailey and former Senator Chandler, since the rate bill itself is settled, and settled successfully. President Roosevelt has announced himself as pleased with the measure, and so have radicals and conservatives alike. Everybody, indeed, is rejoicing that a practicable and finished piece of legislation has been accomplished, instead of a tentative measure which would still leave shippers and carriers up in the air.

Officers in the war and navy departments, while professing to regard as purely imaginative recent reports from England and Germany that the United States government has been an active and successful bidder in the world's markets for foreign military and naval secrets, are really very much stirred up over the matter. The charges all come from the temporary disappearance from the office of the English admiralty of the plans of the new English monster battleship the Dreadnaught. Foreign governments, particularly those deeply interested in the balance of power in Europe, where the smallest advantage is carefully guarded lest it be shared by a possible adversary, are just at present unusually prone to allege spying and bribery against other governments. It is a departure, however, for the United States to be charged with this kind of work, and officials, in resenting such a procedure, do so the more strongly because of the absolute proof of falsity.

Never in the history of the United States has its foreign trade reached the proportions attained during the ten months ending April 30. The total volume was \$2,509,275,534. The increase in this period over the same period in the previous year was \$300,000,000.

With a record of 11,000,000 pieces of mail matter misdirected or illegibly addressed and thus thrown into the dead letter office in 1905, the postoffice authorities believe the time has come for some thorough and widespread campaign of education to enlighten the public. To this end Fourth Assistant Postmaster General McGraw advanced a plan which has been adopted. Mr. McGraw will send with each letter forwarded to address or re-

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With a record of 11,000,000 pieces of mail

LOCOMOTIVE BLASTS

The north and south end coal train crews are having plenty of work to do, even if it is the warm season, handling the output of the mines along the Henderson division. Engineer Elmo Shaver and Conductor McDowell, of the north end coal run, were on the road 28 hours one day last week before being relieved. The south end coal train, with Engineer Hugh Mulvaney and Conductor Carnal, in charge, were 19 hours a few days ago doing their work at the mines. This spring is one of the busiest that the Henderson division has experienced in years.

George Majors of this place is at the home of his father-in-law, Dr. Kenner of Hopkinsville, where he went Saturday to have an eye treated, which was injured by a flying piece of steel while he was at work in the L. & N. shops here several days ago. He was taken to Evansville and the piece of steel removed by physicians at a hospital. Since then he has been under treatment by local physicians. It is feared that he may lose the sight of the injured member.

Morton Young, day operator for the Illinois Central railroad at Greenville, was struck by a fast moving freight train Thursday morning of last week as he was delivering orders to another train. His death occurred a few hours after the accident. He was 19 years of age and the son of Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Young of Central City.

Coal was found by the M. & A. Railroad company while making a cut on the property of J. F. Young, near Providence, last week. Slate was struck at a depth of ten feet. The slate is overlaying a vein of No. 9 coal. The workmen will have to go through this, as the cut at that point will be about fifteen feet in depth.

Conductor Ed Heafer has moved his family to this place from Hopkinsville. The change in residence is made on account of the local freight run's layover being here instead of Hopkinsville.

Conductor Arch Longstaff has been assigned to the work train lately placed on the south end. He will shortly move his family from this place to Adams, Tenn.

The south passing track at Latham, near Hopkinsville, has been completed and will be used by trains in both directions. It has a capacity of sixty cars.

Operator Charles Edwards, who has been stationed at the South Diamond office, was transferred to the block at Adams, Tenn., this week.

The new passing track being built on the east side of the main track just north of the river north of Hopkinsville has been designated Latham.

Brakeman Thos. Cansler was on the interurban train last week performing the duties of flagman during the absence of Fred Ashby.

Engineer Leonard Huff went to Sebree with the Ben Hur Dramatic Club Friday night to sing with the Male Quartette.

Robt. Jordan, of Guthrie, has accepted a position with the mechanical department of the L. & N. at this place.

Flagman Fred Ashby, of the interurban service, has resumed duty after an absence of several days.

Conductor John Longstaff of Greenbrier, Tenn., spent Sunday in the city with friends and relatives.

Operator Rhoades of East St. Louis, has been transferred to Hopkinsville.

Brakeman Herbert Smothers visited home folks at Mortons Gap Sunday.

HOME COMING IN HOPKINS COUNTY

(Continued from Page 1)

Coming invitation. This list by no means represents the attendance of those who went from this county. Practically every one accepting the invitation has stated that he or she will be accompanied by from two to five others.

The Home Coming Association at Louisville informs us that Hopkins county will, according to its estimates, be represented by 500 former citizens of this county during the big June event.

As the railroads have made a rate of one fare for the round trip from Louisville to all points in Kentucky, tickets going on sale June 16th, it is expected that all former citizens of our county who visit Louisville will come to their old homes as soon as they have partaken fully of Louisville's hospitality.

The following is the list referred to:

Hopkins County.
Rev. E. C. Leeper and wife, Mansfield, Tex.

Mrs J. F. Ezell, Oly, Mo.
L. G. Bishop, Winfield, Kan.

J. E. Long, Nashville, Tenn.
Mrs Ed Pinnebaker, Visalia, Calif.

E. Parrish, Expertino, Calif.
W. O. Ashby, Monette, Ark.

E. F. Holgood, Bisbee, Ariz.
Stephen Brooks, Monte, Ark.

T. J. Brown, New Madrid, Mo.
Mrs H. Scarborough, Chicago, Ill.

Dr D. E. Slaton, Johnson City, Ill.

James Lee Robertson, McLeansboro, Ill.

E. M. Hanner, Mauis, Ill.
E. T. Trickett, Antioch, N. M.

W. H. Shatto, Detroit, Mich.
J. S. Morrison, Cameron, Tex.

Ben Mouse, Arnill, Tex.

Charles G. Gish, Morris, Ill.
J. E. Robinson, Beckville, Tex.

W. A. Leeper, Mansfield, Tex.
E. S. Eastwood, Sangu, Tex.

J. W. Baker, Cottage Grove, Ore.

John L. Phelps, Wheatland, Wyo.
Charles A. Winstead, Loraine, Wyo.

Mrs A. J. Welsh, Oklahoma City, Okla.

Mrs James F. Culler, Salem, Ohio.

C. Thomson, Antioch, Ohio.

Mrs D. F. Byles, Elma, Wash.

J. O. Speed, Cleves, Ohio.

T. G. Robertson, Poseyville, Ind.

Miss Helen Robertson, Washington, Ind.

William Sutherland, Linton, Ind.

Charles M. Beshears, Griffin, Ind.

G. W. Williams, Garden City, Kan.

J. C. Harris, Gainesville, Tex.

F. W. Whittle, San Gabriel, Tex.

S. D. Brown, Visalia, Calif.

W. B. Jackson, Gainesville, Tex.

J. A. Lovell, Santa Clara, Calif.

J. B. Foley, St. Louis, Mo.

J. R. Givens, Paris, Tex.

J. N. Eastwood, Pilot Point, Tex.

E. A. Melling, Oklahoma City, Okla.

Felix Shackford, Cincinnati, Ohio.

E. G. Umstead, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Milton Gentry, Los Angeles, Calif.

John L. Lewis, St. Louis, Mo.

Frank Hoffman, St. Louis, Mo.

C. H. Woolfolk, Pratt, Kan.

C. L. Nall, Jonesboro, Ark.



are caused by Indigestion. If you eat a little too much, or if you are subject to a great deal of mental worry, you have indigestion, and shortness of breath, rapid heart beats, heartburn or palpitation of the heart.

Indigestion causes the stomach to expand, swell, and puff up, and interferes with its action, and in the course of time the heart becomes diseased.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat, takes the strain off the heart, and contributes nourishment, strength and health to every organ of the body. Counteracts Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Stomach, Inflammation of the mucous membrane, lining the Stomach and Digestive Tract, Nervous Dyspepsia and Catarrh of the Stomach.

At present my foot would distress me by making me most painful and I would become very weak. Finally I got a bottle of Kodol and it gave me immediate relief. I am now in full health again.

MRS. LORING NICHOLS, Penn Yan, N. Y.

I had stomach trouble and was in a bad state as I had heart trouble with it. I took Kodol Dyspepsia Cure for about four months and I am now in full health again.

DR. KAUBLE, Nevada, O.

Digests What You Eat

Dollar bottle holds 8 oz.
Prepared by the Lab.
of the U. S. Pharmacopeia
& Co., Chicago, U. S. A.

Sold by Jno X. Taylor.

DRESS GOODS.

Anybody can buy for a retail Dress Goods store—just any old body.

Very few have that inborn taste, coupled with years of experience, which guides them in the selection of the choicest, most tasty effects in Cotton, Woolen or Silken Fabric.

It's no trouble to buy Dress Goods that will wear satisfactorily. That's not the question.

Is it the proper fabric? Is it the correct weight? Is it today's coloring? Is the shade, or is the blending in accord with art? Do you know in the great dress circles of New York, London and Paris these colorings rule? Is it the sublime?

These are the questions to be answered.



The Following Facts Answer Them Completely:

It is a fact we are never overstocked in Dress Goods.

It is a fact we buy Dress Goods more heavily than any other house in Hopkins county.

It is a fact we sell eight out of every ten customers who look through our stock.

It is a fact the handsomest gowns worn in Madisonville originate in our store.



Now, If you are not already a customer of ours, hadn't you best right about face and henceforth wear costumes bearing the artist's marks? They cost you no more and the satisfaction enjoyed by you is invaluable.

BUY YOUR DRESS GOODS FROM THE DRESS GOODS PEOPLE...

Bishop & Company.

Specials in

....WHITE GOODS....

It is not a guess any more whether White Goods will be the thing for this Season or not, but an actual settled fact, and we have supplied ourselves well in the Wool, Linen and Cotton Fabrics, and are in a position to protect you on advanced prices.

Specials in Mohairs

39c, 50c, 75c and \$1 per yard, each a bargain.

Some Real Bargains.

In High Class Serges, 50c, 75c, \$1 and \$1.25 a yard.

Lansdown in White only.

42 inches wide like silk at \$1.00 per yard.

Special Values in Panamas

48c, 65c, 75c and \$1 per yard; none better.

Soft Materials Like

Albatross at 50c and 75c. Clear Wool Fabric.

Let Your White Suit

Come out of our Dress Goods Department.

The Grand Leader.

MORRIS KOHLMAN, Proprietor.

The Bee

PAUL M. MOORE,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.
JAMES E. FAWCETT,
ASSOCIATE EDITOR & BUSINESS MGR.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

| | |
|---|--------|
| One Year..... | \$1.00 |
| Six months..... | 50 |
| Three Months..... | 25 |
| Single Copies..... | 5 |
| Subscription copies mailed free on application. | |
| Correspondents wanted in all parts of the county. Address us for particulars. | |
| Telephone. No. 47. | |

THURSDAY, MAY 17, 1906.

FIGHT OVER CROSSING.

L. & N. Engine Now Out of Way and Traction Company Will Put in Crossing.

Mount Vernon, Ind., May 21.

The L. & N. railroad, by their attorneys, appeared in Judge Welborn's court this morning and agreed to allow the Evansville and Mount Vernon traction line to place their crossing at Caborn in position, Wednesday afternoon between 2 and 3:30 o'clock, without any further trouble.

The engines, which have been blockading the disputed crossing have been ordered back to Evansville and up until a late hour last night the crossing was unobstructed.

The trouble first started two weeks ago when Judge Welborn issued a temporary restraining order restraining the traction company from putting in the crossing. This order was later dissolved and last Friday, between the hours of 2 and 3:30, was set as the time for placing the crossing in position.

The traction company were on hand with their laborers and already had their crossing put together. At this juncture, in spite of the order of the court, the L. & N. stepped in and took the law into their own hands by placing two engines at the crossing point and effectually blocking the work.

The traction company, wishing to stay inside the law, asked for an injunction restraining the L. & N. people from a further blockade.

This came up today and Judge Welborn set next Wednesday, between the hours of 2 and 3:30 o'clock as the time for the crossing to be laid, to which the L. & N. agreed without further protest, and as they have ordered their blockading engines back to Evansville it would appear that they intend to fulfill their agreement to the letter.

All the automobile endurance contests are thrown in the shade by the recordable achievement of Elmer Boulinous, of Paris, who rode a bicycle 815 miles and 291 yards in 21 hours, at the remarkable average rate of 34 miles an hour. When one considers the delays and the stops entailed in such a race it means that for hours the rider must have been pedaling his bicycle at the rate of 50 miles an hour, and sometimes even faster than that. The strain on the system to withstand this must be severe and certainly felt by the rider.

We Trust Doctors

If you are suffering from impure blood, thin blood, debility, nervousness, exhaustion, you should begin at once with Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the Sarsaparilla you have known all your life. Your doctor knows it, too. Ask him about it.

You must look well after the condition of your liver and bowels. Unless there is disease in the liver, the blood is not absorbed, causing headaches, biliousness, nausea, dyspepsia, and other diseases. From down to its best work, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best medicine. There is only one pill at bed time.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, Ayer's Liver Cure, Ayer's Cough Remedy, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

ANNUAL PICNIC

Of Daughters of Confederacy June 2nd.

The U. D. C. will hold their annual picnic at Earlington Lake Saturday, June 2nd.

Daughters, veterans and Sons of Veterans with their families are invited to come and bring their baskets. Good attendance is expected.

The following day, June 3, Decoration Day, will be observed with appropriate ceremonies at Odd Fellows cemetery. Everybody is requested to cut and bring flowers for this occasion as there are a number of graves to be decorated besides those on the Confederate lot.

Calling for "Pharaoh."

Smith's Grove, Ky., May 21.—One of the ten plagues sent upon Pharaoh, the locusts, are by the millions. These pests come at regular periods of every sixteen years. The last locust year in this section was in 1890. They made their appearance here last week, and now the fields, hills and woods resound with the dismal roar of tens of thousands of voices calling "Pharaoh." It is claimed that these insects do not eat anything for forty days, but they injure young shrubs and trees by splitting the bark unless they are protected.

Notice.

I have been appointed by the magistrates to collect the delinquent county taxes for this magisterial district for 1905. All parties owing for same will please call at my office in Barnett & Son's stable and settle.

Respectfully,
JOHN T. BARNETT.

A Right to Good Roads.

If this is a government of, for and by the people, it is time to cast about and see whether the functions of being faithfully exercised. There are 100,000,000 people in the United States, and more than one-third of these are engaged in agricultural pursuits. Upon this latter class all the others depend for the necessities of life, and, according as conditions are good or bad, about the agricultural classes, all the others are affected. Prosperity in the farming world means prosperity in the industrial and the mercantile world. When the farmers suffer, the disaster reaches in some measure to every man, woman and child in the country. There is no way to honestly put out of sight the interdependence of our people, and yet the one class that could live absolutely without the existence of any of the other classes is the farming community. In view of these sad evidences it does seem that the industrial and mercantile classes, with the professional people, would be mindful of everything tending to make rural life profitable and pleasant. The present highway conditions form the most serious drawback that confronts the country today. In no other civilized country do like conditions prevail. Wherever government has intervened for good highways, there the people are happy. The highways afford to the rural population not alone the means of communication with the business world, but the means of reaching churches and school houses and all that they have of social intercourse and amusement. It should be a matter of general public concern to have the highways in all the states put in first-class condition. The states themselves should never establish satisfactory systems of roads, nor should they be expected to. The cost of road construction should be equitably distributed, and this can be done only through national aid.

A naturalist says: "Men and animals are born with a propensity to fight. Is there in the whole range of the animal creation one animal that does not fight? If it has sense enough and powers of locomotion. Oysters and clams can't fight. Their organ of combativeness is not wanting, they have no use for it. They even devour each other, and may be said to eat themselves, for, changing their shell and stomach every year, these remains are generally the first morsel to glut their new system."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

SAVED BABY LYON'S LIFE

Untold Suffering and Constant Misery—Awful Sight From that Dreadful Complaint, Infantile Eczema—Commenced at Top of his Head and Covered Entire Body.

MOTHER PRAISES CUTICURA REMEDIES

"Our baby had that dreadful complaint, Infantile Eczema, which afflicted him for several months, commencing at the top of his head, and extending over his entire body. The sores were constant and most misery, in fact, there was nothing we would not have done to have given him relief. The family doctor told us to give up, as he was incapable of coping with the case, and after various experiments of his, which resulted in no benefit to the child, we sent him to Dr. C. H. Fletcher, who had a full set of the Cuticura Remedies and applied as per directions, and he began to improve immediately, and in about four days began to have a bright spirit and really laughed for the first time in a year. In about ninety days he was fully recovered, with the exception of a rough skin, which is perfectly healed, and cannot be replaced by any cream.

"Praise for the Cuticura Remedies has always been unanimous, and there is nothing too good that we could say in their favor, for they certainly saved our baby's life, for he was the most awful sight that could be seen, and to the treatment of the Cuticura Remedies. Mrs. Macelle Lyon, 1826 Argenton Ave., Parsons, Kan., July 18, 1905."

COMPLETE TREATMENT \$1

Complete external and internal treatment for every human, consisting of Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills, may now be had for one dollar. A single set is often sufficient to cure the most severe and difficult cases of eczema, and all humors, eczema, rashes, and irritations, from infancy to age, when all else fails.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills are sold throughout the country by Druggists, Drug Stores, and Soda Fountains. Send for "The Great Skin Book."

LUM PRATHER

Suicides by Shooting Himself with a Shot Gun.

Lum Prather, a farmer who lives near Hanson, killed himself Friday by shooting himself in the breast with a double barreled shotgun. He had been in wretched health for a long time, but was thought to be improving. Friday morning, while his children were at the house of Mr. Smith, Prather sent his wife to the house also with a request that Smith come to see him, as he wished to talk with him on business. When Mrs. Prather returned in a short time with a neighbor she found her husband lying on the floor with his clothes on fire. A hasty examination revealed the fact that he had shot himself in the breast and the gun, at close range, tore a gaping wound in his body.

Correct Status.

The Lancaster Record puts it about correct when it says:

"The newspaper men of Kentucky were never bound so closely together as now, and when their proposed warfare on cheap John柄 news and bad-tempered editors begins, you may look for a nation of dry bones, the like of which has never been witnessed. Instead of serving as the doormat of the community as in former years, the newspaper men of today are the most independent set of professional men in the state. They think and act for themselves, and are led by the nose by no man or set of men."

Foley's Honey and Tonic heals lungs and stops the cough

A LIFE SAVED

READ THIS LETTER FROM A GRATEFUL KENTUCKIAN

Princeton, Ky., Feb. 4th, 1905

I wish to state that for the Foyers Remedy Co., of Evansville, Indiana, I am a grateful customer. I am known as Foyers' Remedy, the great blood purifier, and I have been using it for 17 years. I was troubled with a blood disease, and I could get no relief until he sent me his remedy. I have been using it ever since and am now in full health. After taking five bottles he was entirely well of that disease, and I also took two bottles as a blood purifier.

(Signed) C. H. LEWIS,
H. C. STONE, Princeton, Ky.

HERE'S THE REMEDY

FOERG'S REMEDY THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Price \$1.00 per bottle, \$30.00 per case.

FOERG REMEDY CO.,
EVANSVILLE, IND.

For sale locally by
St. Bernard Drug Store and John X. Taylor.

DULIN & M'LEOD'S

SPECIAL SALE

ON WHITE GOODS.

During this week and next we will name special prices on all Sheer White Materials, Linens, Lawns and Batistes, suitable for graduation purposes, commencement exercises and summer wear.

SHEER FABRICS.

| | |
|--|-----|
| 45 inch French Lawns, (Wash Chiffons) at, per yard \$0c, 40c, 35c, 30c and 25c | 20c |
| 72 inch Swiss Organies at, per yard, 70c | 50c |
| 36 inch Persian Lawns at, per yard, 35c, 30c, 25c and | 20c |

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|---|-----|
| 36 inch Shirt Waist and Fronting Linens, at 75c, 65c, 50c, 40c, 35c and | 25c |
| 10-4 Heavy Linen Sheetings at, per yard... | 98c |
| 33 inch Basket Weave Pure Linen Suit-ing, at, per yard | 40c |

LINENS.

| | |
|---|-----|
| 36 inch fine Sheer Handkerchief Linens, at \$1, 75c and | 50c |
| 36 inch pure Linen Lawns, Special at... | 35c |

VERY SPECIAL.

36 inch Irish Linen, guaranteed all Pure Linen and perfect quality at, per yard

22c

DIMITIES, LONGCLOTHS AND NAINSOOKS.

| | |
|---|--------------|
| A Special Value in Dimity at..... | 10c per yard |
| Soft French Finish Nainsook at 25c, 20c and | 15c per yard |
| Mazalia Cloth at..... | 35c per yard |

EXTRA SPECIAL.

100 bolts of fine Marquess Longcloth, worth \$1.50 a bolt at 98c per Bolt of 12 Yards.

This Season's rage is for lingerie waists made of all-over embroidery. We will have twenty patterns in Swiss and Nainsook to arrive this week, worth 65c to \$1.25, which we offer at

WHITE QUILTS

Two special values that are worth investigating:

| | |
|--|--------|
| 76x86 inch Crocheted Quilt at..... | \$1.00 |
| 76x86 inch Fine Marseilles Pattern at..... | 1.25 |

DULIN & McLEOD

Madisonville's Greatest Store.

\$24 BUYS \$44

SCHOLARSHIP

until the \$100 allotted to be sold at a discount, on account of the opening of our Evansville College, are sold. No vacation, winter or any time.

DRAUGHON'S
Business Colleges

EVANSVILLE, COR. THIRD AND MAIN.

27 Colleges in 15 cities. \$300,000.00

DRUGSTORES, by Druggists from

MAINE to CALIFORNIA; 17 years' success. We

also teach BY MAIL. Write for prices.

MONEY REFUNDED.

Call or send for Catalogue.

SUBSCRIBE TO THE

Cumberland

Telephone & Telegraph Co's

Local and Long Distance Service.

Residence Phones low as \$1.40 a month.

Business Phones low as \$2.00 a month.

We place you in communication with 2,000,000 people who transact an enormous daily business by telephone which could not be otherwise done.

CALL CENTRAL FOR INFORMATION



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LONG DISTANCE

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Going to Paint This Season?

Hammar Paint will stick five years!



Because
The essential qualifications of a lasting paint, viz., perfectly blended, pure linseed oil, are what you get when HAMMAR PAINT is used.

You do not know the quality of oil used in ready mixed paint.

You do not know how long the ready mixed paint has been standing.

Hammar Condensed Paint is nothing but your paint when you buy it. You add thereto an equal portion of pure linseed oil. The result is a paint that when you contain pure linseed oil without adulteration.

A paint that always has lasted five years and always will.

To make it safe for you to buy Hammar paint, we will guarantee it to last five years or money back. This guarantee is given by the manufacturer in cash and by the Great Hammar Paint House of St. Louis, the manufacturer of a third of a century back of the paint business.

Drop in some day and let me tell you something about paint that's new.

Sold by John X. Taylor.

For the Land's Sake.

The farmer was fertilizing his soil. A lady from the city stopped to gaze at him.

"What on earth is that?" she asked.

"A new fertilizer, ma'am."

"For the land sake," she cried.

"Yes, ma'am," said the farmer.

Why take a dozen things to cure that cough? Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar allays the congestion, stops that tickling, drives the cold out through your bowels. Sold by John X. Taylor.

A Mountain of Gold.

could not bring as much happiness to Mrs. Lucia Wilkes, of Caroline, Wis., as did one 25c box of Buckland's America Salve, which she got in cash and by the Great Hammar Paint House of St. Louis.

The salve is the manufacturer of a third of a century back of the paint business.

Drop in some day and let me tell you something about paint that's new.

Sold by John X. Taylor.

Special Low Rates.

At all points in Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and British Columbia, February 1, 1906.

Round Trip Homeseekers' Tickets on special days. Write for information and maps to Ira F. Schreiber, Traveling Agent, Montana Central R. R., 407 Tracton Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Snow was preserved by the an-

clients, instead of ice, by covering it up in the ground. A cargo of natural ice shipped from Boston to Calcutta in 1883 brought six cents a pound.

To be avoided.

At Your Service:

An Expert

Paper Hanger

With a complete stock of Wall Paper, Moldings, Etc.

Call and see them

Estimates Cheerfully Furnished.

We also have a full line of Screen Doors, Windows, Screen

Cloth, Etc.

Farnsworth & Rootz.

Are you making as much off your farm as you ought? No doubt you are making all you can. The trouble is the land costs too much. It takes a great deal of time and labor to make a living on a small farm, or perhaps you are renting out and paying a good share of what you raise, in rent. Wouldn't it be better to go where the price of good land is so little that you can own a big farm? We offer many farms in the ground is working for you and all you have to do is to pay a good price.

There are thousands of acres of fertile land in the Southwest along the line of the Cotton Belt Route that can be bought for from \$5 to \$10 per acre. This land is increasing in value each year.

SOUTHWEST

The Land of BIG CROPS and PROSPERITY

Are you making as much off your farm as you ought? No doubt you are making all you can. The trouble is the land costs too much. It takes a great deal of time and labor to make a living on a small farm, or perhaps you are renting out and paying a good share of what you raise, in rent. Wouldn't it be better to go where the price of good land is so little that you can own a big farm? We offer many farms in the ground is working for you and all you have to do is to pay a good price.

There are thousands of acres of fertile land in the Southwest along the line of the Cotton Belt Route that can be bought for from \$5 to \$10 per acre. This land is increasing in value each year.

See the Southwest at Small Cost

A trip to the Southwest would convince you that your best interest lay in settling there. The trip can be made at very little expense. On the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month you can purchase a round trip ticket to any point in the Southwest or via the Cotton Belt Route for low rates. Six overnights will be allowed for you to examine any locality you are interested in.

Write at once for free copies of books describing this wonderful country and for full information about cost of tickets, etc.

L. C. BARRY, T.P.A., Cotton Belt Route, 82 Todd Building, Louisville, Ky.

Another Scientific Achievement.
The announcement, of course from a German scientific source, of the discovery of the kiss germ is cheering, since it can only be a matter of a little while until an anti-microbe will be created in the culture tube. Duly vaccinated and made immune to the dangers of kissing, the hygienic seal of the heart's affection may then be confidently accepted by innocent lips.

It is possible to obtain relief from chronic indigestion and dyspepsia by the use of KODOL FOR DYSPEPSIA. Some of the most hopeless cases of long standing have yielded to it. It stimulates the body to digest the food you eat and exercises a corrective influence, building up the efficiency of the digestive organs. The result is that the body is strengthened and the steam is made that keeps up your vitality, health and strength. Kodol digests what you eat. Makes the body strong and healthy. It is the condition to do the work nature demands of it—gives you relief from digestive disorders, and puts you in shape to do your best, and give you strength.

Sold by John X. Taylor.

It may prove valuable information to know that alcohol is the antidiote of carbolic acid and how to use it. If the burn is external pour alcohol over it; if internal, swallow whisky.



For Your Protection

We place this label on every package of Scott's Emulsion. The man with a fish on his back is our trade-mark, and it is a guarantee that Scott's Emulsion is the best. Scott's Emulsion will cure all that is claimed for it. Nelson's bark, for the throat or bronchial troubles in infant or adult. Scott's Emulsion is one of the greatest health-builders known to the medical world.

We'll send you a sample free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York

The Magic of a Mirror.

A ward patient in Roosevelt Hospital, New York, grew gradually weaker without any apparent reason.

"She fretting herself to death about something," said the nurse.

"If she would confide in me I think she would get better." By and by the patient did open her mind and heart. "If I could only see myself," she wailed, "I'd feel different. I know I must look like death or you'd let me have a looking glass." It was against the rules to supply patients in that ward with mirrors, but the nurse, recognizing the value of a particular article, arranged in a small hand glass. The result was miraculous. "Why, dear me," said the sick woman, "I don't look half so bad as I supposed I did." And from that hour she began to improve.

War Against Consumption.

All nations are endeavoring to check the progress of consumption, the "white plague," that claims so many victims each year.

Foley's Honey and Tar cures coughs and diseases particularly of the lungs.

It cures consumption and may risk your health by taking some unguent.

Foley's Honey and Tar is safe and certain in its effects.

Foley's Honey and Tar insist upon having it.

Sold by John X. Taylor.

A good complexion is impossible with the stomach out of order. If pasty yellow people will pay more attention to their stomachs and less to the skin on their faces, they will be more attractive.

KODOL FOR DYSPEPSIA will digest what you eat and put your stomach back in right shape to do its own work.

Kodol relieves palpitation of the heart, flatulence, sour stomach, constipation, etc.

Sold by John X. Taylor.

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A good complexion is impossible with the stomach out of order. If pasty yellow people will pay more attention to their stomachs and less to the skin on their faces, they will be more attractive.

KODOL FOR DYSPEPSIA will digest what you eat and put your stomach back in right shape to do its own work.

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Kodol relieves palpitation of the heart, flatulence

UNEQUAL DIVISION

How the People of Kentucky Are Disfranchised, and How the People Can Right This Wrong.

To the People of Kentucky: At the last regular session of the General Assembly an act was passed dividing the State into 100 Representative districts, which has been approved by the Governor and clothed with all the outer humiliations or forms of law.

The Constitution of Kentucky provides among other things, that:

"The First General Assembly after the adoption of this Constitution shall divide the State into thirty-eight Senatorial districts, and one hundred Representative districts, as nearly equal in population as may be without a violation of justice, so that no county may include more than one district, which districts shall constitute the Senatorial and Representative districts for ten years. Not more than two counties shall be joined together to form a Representative district. Each district, so far as the principle requiring every district to be as nearly equal in population as may be shall be divided."

We deem it prudent that various suits be filed against each act and in every form and manner that such suits have been filed in our sister states, that they may be successful, so that some of the number are properly brought, and will, therefore, have to be decided upon their merits.

We have secured eminent counsel to take charge of the litigation behalf of the people, and it will require considerable time to bring to a conclusion of these various suits, give our chosen counsel a moderate fee for their services and the actual expense incurred by the committee in prosecuting the contests in the courts. The committee is serving without salary or hope of any financial reward for its services.

This is not a party matter, as it strikes at the very root of the principle of self-government, and the equal right of all citizens, under the law, to participate through their representatives in the government of the state.

The committee, irrespective of party affiliations, are asked to take an interest in this contest for the preservation of the rights of the people, and to aid us both with voice, pen and purse in our efforts to assert and maintain the constitutional rights of the people of the State of Kentucky.

Conceiving that the act in question

was a gross violation of both the letter and spirit of the fundamental law of the State, and that it deprived a large number of our people of the right to vote, we, the committee, signed were selected, by the unanimous voice of the Republican members of the Legislature, to take steps to assert the rights of the people of the State against this unjust, iniquitous and unconstitutional act of the Legislature.

The right of a citizen to proportionate representation in the Legislature, so far as it can be practically carried into effect by the instrumentalities of human government, is recognized and protected by the Constitution.

The act in question it appears that more than a quarter of a million of our people in twenty-four districts, or rather in twelve of them, have been denied and excluded from representation in the Legislature to all intents and purposes.

The committee having occasion to also consider the acts of the Legislature of May 3, and June 23, 1882, dividing the State into Senatorial and Representative districts, and also the act of March 11, 1898, dividing the State into Congressional districts, found that they were each and all grossly unfair and violative of the State or Federal law governing the subject.

As evidence that we are not mistaken in our views on this matter we attach hereto tables showing a number of acts of the Legislature, dividing districts taken from the various acts as well as all the Congressional acts under the act of 1888.

These figures taken from the acts and the census of the State speak more eloquently and strongly than any words the committee can say on the subject, and need but little comment at our hands.

That we have a remedy against the violation of the supreme law of the State and the United States manifest in these various acts of the Legislature, it is too clear for dispute or argument.

The courts of the country have not regarded apportionment acts as exceptions to the rule that Legislatures are bound by constitutional limitations in the enactment of laws, and if the Legislature is the function of the courts to so declare, McPherson vs. Blacker, 144 U. S. 1; Powley vs. Sover, 11 Kansas 235; State vs. Van Duy, 24 Neb. 586; State vs. Campbell, 48 Ohio 435; State vs. Murphy, 24 Florida 29; People vs. Thompson, 56 New Jersey 126; People vs. Rice, 135 New York, 472; People vs. Van Bokhoven, 73 North Carolina.

The courts of New York, New Jersey, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin and North Carolina have set aside and declared void apportionment acts, and in all the States that have so far had occasion to pass upon the validity of such laws, the courts have not failed to assert the right and power to decide them valid or invalid as the facts in the particular case required the court to determine.

We have found in none of the acts that have been contested and held invalid in any of the states, anything more nearly so unfair and vicious of the rights of the citizens to participate upon equal terms, in the affairs of his State government, than the acts of our own Legislature that we propose to test in the courts.

At the last election for President in 1896, the Republicans had a majority of 47 per cent of the total vote cast, and the Democratic party a fraction under 50 per cent. If the Assembly districts were fairly divided in accordance with the vote thus cast, the Republicans would have sixty-five members of the Legislature instead of thirty two now held by them.

The committee, after a careful examination of the law and the facts, have agreed that it is the duty of our people to contest the acts of the General Assembly of May 3, and June 23, 1882; March 11, 1898, and the act of March, 1906, and we have the utmost confidence that with the proper effort each and all of these alleged laws will be set aside and held for naught, and that the Legislature will be re-constituted and have a right in accordance with justice, law and the Constitution will be enacted.

We deem it prudent that various suits be filed against each act and in every form and manner that such suits have been filed in our sister states, that they may be successful, so that some of the number are properly brought, and will, therefore, have to be decided upon their merits.

We have secured eminent counsel to take charge of the litigation behalf of the people, and it will require considerable time to bring to a conclusion of these various suits, give our chosen counsel a moderate fee for their services and the actual expense incurred by the committee in prosecuting the contests in the courts. The committee is serving without salary or hope of any financial reward for its services.

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At the last election for President in 1896, the Republicans had a majority of 47 per cent of the total vote cast, and the Democratic party a fraction under 50 per cent. If the Assembly districts were fairly divided in accordance with the vote thus cast, the Republicans would have sixty-five members of the Legislature instead of thirty two now held by them.

According to the census of 1900 these districts had the following population, to-wit:

Dist. Counties. Population.

29. Harrold. 8,941

30. Letcher. 10,532

31. Meade. 12,446

32. Pulaski. 11,824

33. Russell. 13,042

34. Greenup. 16,432

35. Boone. 11,176

36. Bracken. 12,187

37. Woodford. 13,394

38. Fayette. 149,174

Or a gain of 3,936 in ten years.

Dist. Counties. Population.

39. Laurel. 10,000

40. Breathitt-Lee-Magoffin. 24,316

41. Johnson. 21,487

42. Clay-Jackson-Owensley. 40,588

43. Harlan. 32,204

44. Knott. 38,465

45. Floyd. 38,465

46. Boone. 32,292

47. Letcher. 417,925

Or a gain of 55,440, and giving to each of these districts an average population of 34,828, as against a present population of 30,153, the difference being 4,675.

The first group in 1900 had a population of 130,783.

The second group in 1900 had a population of 322,292.

The difference between the two groups is twelve districts.

Each is 201,500.

The first group in 1900 had a population of 149,174.

The second group had the same census.

Or a gain of 17,926.

The difference between the two groups is twelve districts.

Each is 201,500.

The first group in 1900 had a population of 149,174.

The second group had the same census.

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Each is 201

MINING NOTES.

University Coal Mine.

The authorities of Birmingham university have recently opened on the university grounds an experimental coal mine, occupying nearly an acre of ground. The purpose is to give practical instruction to students in all the problems and operations of coal mining. They are exercised in underground surveying, the connection of surface with underground surveys, the testing of ventilation, the measurement of air volumes and velocities, the friction of air currents, the various methods of breaking coal and management of different kinds of drifts and cutting machines. The completion of this artificial mine has been awaited with interest, and it is expected to be very valuable in teaching the science of mining.

Massillon, O., May 21.—The district mine workers' officials have ordered the engineers and pump tenders to leave the mines. The mine owners fear the mines will be flooded, and have notified the mine workers' officials that they will be held responsible for any damage that may result. The operators claim to have a written agreement with the miners' officials that the engineers and pump tenders shall continue at work in event of a strike, to protect property.

Several hundred acres of coal in the Brush Creek country, near Barbourville, Ky., were purchased this week by Faulkner, Gaddie & Stanfill, of Barbourville. Developments on a large scale will begin in a few weeks.

Poles are being placed and wires strung by the St. Bernard Mining Company from the power house near No. 9 mine, to the adjacent mines. This is done to supply electricity to the mines having no connections.

George Dockery of Linton, Ind., who has been visiting relatives in the Dalton vicinity, returned home this week.

Chas. Hale, mine foreman for the Nortonville Coal Co., with two friends, spent Saturday fishing at Loch Mary.

Hugh Griffin, stable boss at the St. Charles mine, visited friends in the city Sunday.

Mack Long, of this city, was in Crofton Tuesday visiting friends and relatives.

Moscow Haley of Madisonville spent Sunday with his parents in the city.

Double Daily Service to Mexico.
Over 19 hours saved from St. Louis to City of Mexico via the shortest and quickest line of the Iron Mountain Road and connecting lines to Little Rock, Texarkana, Longview, San Antonio and Laredo. Through Pullman sleepers from St. Louis 2½ p. m. and 2½ p. m. daily. elegant Dinner Car service. Now is the season to visit enchanting Mexico. Low rates, liberal stop over, 1000 miles of railroads, descriptive literature, see nearest Ticket Agent or address R. T. G. Matthews, T. P. A., Iron Mountain Route, 301 Norton Bldg., Louisville, Kentucky.

In England no arrests may be made on a Sunday, except for treason, felony, or a breach of the peace; and freedom from arrest at any time on civil process is a privilege enjoyed by members of the royal family and their servants, bishops, peers, and peersesses, and members of parliament during the sitting of parliament and 40 days before and after each session.

"The Busy Man's Line."

BETWEEN

EVANSTON

AND

LOUISVILLE,

And all Eastern and Southeastern Points.

Parlor Cars, Pullman Sleepers, Free Reclining Chair Cars.

Ask for rates.

Take the family paper—THE BEE.

WASHINGTON.

(Continued from Page 1.)
turned to writer a card containing some suggestions in addressing envelopes. The card will urge that ink be used in writing addresses and that care be taken to write plainly. These are the two principal requests. It is believed that in this way the work of the dead letter office will be reduced and the efficiency of the postal service improved.

The National Museum this week came into possession of an ancient steel cuirass of woven links, which was worn for twenty seven years by Alexander Baranoff, the first Russian governor of Alaska. George Kostrominoff, a resident of Sitka, presented the relic to the United States. He long has heard legends of the wonderful cuirass, which the Indians still believe was bewitched and rendered the bearer immune from hurts in battle. He discovered it at last in the possession of the Tarous chiefs, whom he prevailed upon to part with it. Baranoff's intrepidity and strength made possible the settlement of Alaska by the white man, and thus unwittingly served the United States a good turn.

President Roosevelt is making preparations for the annual summer fitting of his family from the White House. Mrs. Roosevelt and the children will go to Oyster Bay the latter part of next week, although Mrs. Roosevelt may postpone her going a few days, letting the children and servants precede her. The president expects to join them before the end of June. He does not expect to be so busy as he was last summer, and hopes to be able to enjoy a few weeks of real vacation.

There is a probability that the likeness of John Paul Jones will appear on one of the forthcoming series of United States postage stamps. A number of naval officers are quietly working to the end that this honor may be bestowed on the Father of the American Navy. Very little attention has been given in the past to naval heroes in the past, for up to 1902 only one represented—Commodore Perry of Lake Erie fame.

The census department has just issued a preliminary bulletin regarding the automobile, which shows that last year there was produced in this country one machine for every 4,000 persons. This may seem to be a small proportion, but when it is remembered that as against 3,816 pleasure machines produced in 1900, nearly 22,000 were produced last year, the growth of the trade becomes apparent. Last year the amount of capital invested was \$20,555,247, as against \$5,768,857 in 1900—a growth of 256 per cent. The value of the products increased 461 per cent, the total for last year being more than \$26,000,000.

I. C. R. R. TIME CARD.

Time of departure of Illinois Central train from Nortonville, Ky.
NORTH BOUND.

No. 102..... 1.28 p. m.
No. 103..... 3.51 a. m.
No. 122, local pass. 10.35 a. m.
No. 192, local frt. 1.28 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 101..... 1.08 p. m.
No. 102..... 1.40 a. m.
No. 121, local pass. 1.28 p. m.
No. 195, local frt. 8.40 a. m.

L. & N. R. TIME CARD.

Time of arrival of trains passing through Earlinton.

Effective Sunday, May 6, 1906.

NORTH BOUND.

No. 52..... 10.45 a. m.
No. 64..... 11.12 p. m.
No. 70..... 1.28 p. m.
No. 79..... 8.15 a. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 51..... 4.07 p. m.
No. 55..... 4.38 a. m.
No. 58..... 4.48 p. m.
No. 69..... 5.00 a. m.
No. 71..... 10.15 a. m.

COLORED COLUMN

EDITED BY JAMES E. TODD.

Our public school closed Friday with an outing at Lakeside park, where the teachers, scholars and parents spent a day of pleasure together.

A public examination of the public school was held at the A. M. E. Zion church Thursday night. Many parents were glad to see the work done by the school.

The teacher deserves much praise for the work done among our boys and girls this school year.

Mrs. L. C. Harding was called home Monday to prepare for the graduation of her daughter in a few days.

Prof. T. H. Moore, who was principal of our school, returned to his home at Hopkinsville Tuesday. He has labored zealously for upbuilding the school.

Mrs. Bessie E. Childers is one among us who has work unceasingly for the betterment of our children both in and out of school and deserves special mention.

Mrs. Mattie Hines is out again after an illness of several weeks.

Rev. J. R. Robinson barely escaped a very bad accident by fire Thursday night. Some lace curtains caught unobserved while his son was lighting a lamp. The fire was extinguished after doing \$25 damage to clothing. Very little damage was done to the house.

Mr. Wiley Lowrey met with the painful accident of having a finger amputated Friday by a machine in No. 9 room.

Rev. Jones of the C. M. E. church, is quite ill yet. Rev. Robinson preached for him Sunday afternoon and at night a appreciative audience.

The Sunday school convention is now in progress and is well attended from afar. Temple Theatre is open and looking for you tonight at the welcoming. A reception will be given at Masonic Hall. An entertainment will be given each night at Masonic Hall.

The new electric light on Main street is filling a much needed want and is being appreciated by the public.

Rev. H. H. Amos has been kept very busy preaching lodges, sermons around here and has acquired many honors thereby as he has been in the organizations for many years and they call for him, although many are resting.

Look for the school report June 28th in THE BEE by order of Trustee Board.

Rally for the new school building now or we need your labor and money that we may have a creditable one.

CHEAPER FARM LAND.

SOUTHWEST OFFERS BEST OPPORTUNITIES FOR SECURING HOMES.

Many farmers in the Northern and Eastern states are selling their high priced lands and locating in the Southwest. Many have been unable to own their homes in the older country are buying land in the new country.

Urban opportunities exist along the lines of the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain Route. The rich alluvial, delta lands and river bottom lands in the Southwest, Kansas, Oklahoma, Louisiana and Texas, capable of producing 60 bushels of corn a bale of cotton, 4 to 6 tons of alfalfa, 1000 bushels of potatoes, 1000 bushels of vegetables and hay crops can be bought for \$7.50 to \$15.00 per acre. When cleared and slightly improved the rent for \$4.00 to \$6.00 per acre cash.

Uplands more rolling, lighter soil, adapted to fruit growing-peaches, pears, plums, grapes, etc.—also growing cotton and other vegetables, can be bought for \$5.00 to \$10.00 per acre in unimproved state. Many places with small clearings and some improvements can be bought very cheap.

This is a fine stock country. No long winter feeding. Free range, pastures, plowed land, etc.—a growing country, with a great future.

Write for map and descriptive literature on Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Kansas, Indiana, etc.

Very cheap rates on first and third Tuesdays of each month. Ad-dress.

R. T. G. MATTHEWS, T. P. A.,

Louisville, Ky.

or H. C. TOWNSEND, D. F. A.T.,

St. Louis, Mo.

L. H. & St. L. R. R.
"HENDERSON ROUTE"

On and after April 1, 1906, all trains of this Company will arrive at and depart from 10th St. Station, Tenth and Broadway, instead of from Seventh Street Depot (formerly Union Depot), Louisville, Ky.

F. LEWIS,

General Passenger Agent,

Louisville, Ky.

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